# Fiscal 2022 Results Briefing Meeting

May 17, 2022

Nisshin Seifun Group Inc.





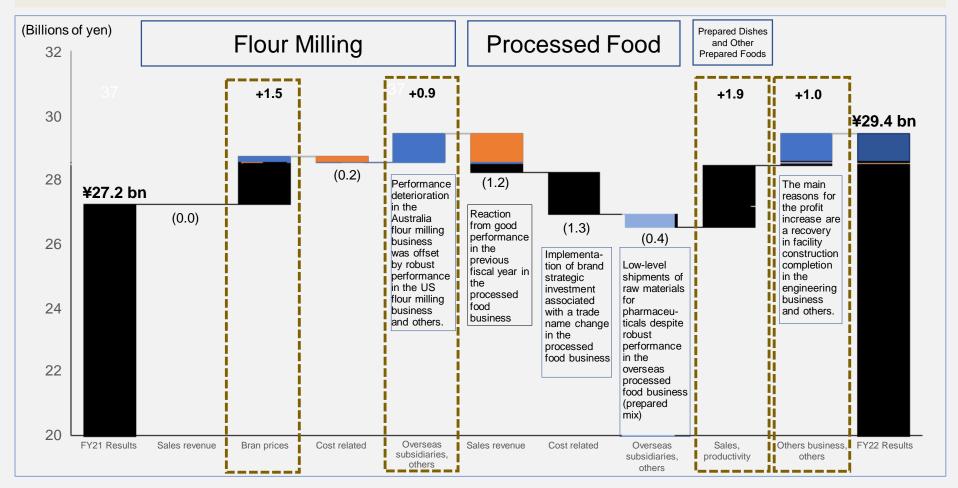
### I. Fiscal 2022 Results

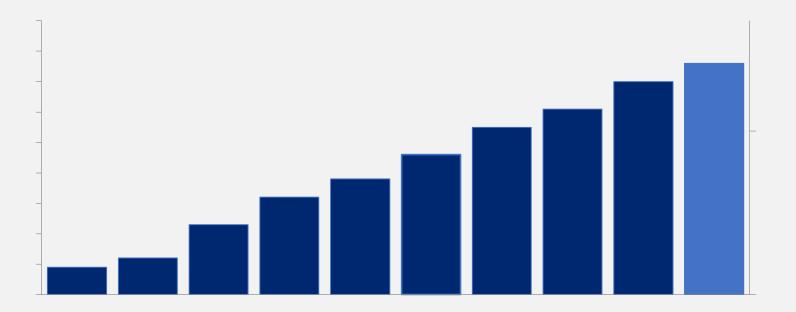
- Net sales was on a par with the previous fiscal year mainly due to the application of an accounting standard regarding revenue recognition despite the enactment of wheat flour price revisions accompanying the wheat price revision in the domestic flour milling business, a rise in the wheat market prices and foreign currency translation effects in the overseas flour milling business, a recovery in facility construction completion and others.
- Operating profit increased mainly due to strong performance in the US flour milling business, a robust trend in bran prices in the domestic flour milling business, a smooth performance recovery in the prepared dishes and other processed foods business and a recovery in facility construction completion.
- > Profit decreased by recording impairment loss, based on the performance deterioration resulting mainly from theto

	Fiscal 2022	Forec	Forecasts		1 Results
	Results		Change		Change
Net sales	679,736	670,000	+1.5	679,495	+0.0
Overseas sales ratio	27.3	26.5	_	22.9	_
Operating profit	29,430	29,200	+0.8	27,197	+8.2
Ordinary profit	32,626	31,300	+4.2	29,886	+9.2
Profit attributable to owners of parent	17,509	19,300	(9.3)	19,011	(7.9)



> Operating profit increased 2.2 billion yen year on year. The increase was due in large part to a strong trend in bran prices in the domestic flour milling business, robust performance in the U.S. flour milling business and a smooth performance recovery in the prepared dishes and other prepared foods business and a recovery in facility construction completion in the engineering business despite a profit decrease resulting from a performance deterioration in the Australia flour milling business, a reaction from good performance in the previous fiscal year and implementation of brand strategic investment associated with a trade name change in the processed food business.









### **II. Thinking on Future Business Management**

(1)	



### Thinking on relationships with stakeholders

**Shareholders** 

Realize an appropriate total shareholder return (TSR) by enhancing long-term corporate value.

**Customers** 

Offer value that exceeds customer expectations in all aspects of products and services.

**Employees** 

Ensure appropriate compensation and the working environment for them and support them in acquiring necessary skills.

**Business** partners

Engage with them in fair and impartial ways and with a sense of ethics and became equal partners.

**Society** 

Strive to cohabit with society and become an eco-friendly company.





### III. Fiscal 2023 Forecasts

### 1. Battle against Food Inflation (2)





Although the Group had continued to address cost increases of raw materials and others in FY2021, we assume a considerable cost increase of raw materials and others for this fiscal year as well due to surges in grain and natural resources market prices, caused by the Ukraine crisis. We take response to this situation as the top priority matter and each business will implement countermeasures without fail.

### [Thinking on price revision]

### 1) Pass a cost increase to selling prices

The domestic flour milling business will revise selling prices of wheat flour based on the revision of government selling prices of imported wheat. The domestic processed food business will reflect the cost increase of raw materials, etc. including wheat flour on its selling prices appropriately.

### 2) Sales of products giving an impression of selling value-for-money products

A series of large price hikes of products have elevated the price range of existing household-use processed food and others. Develop and sell new products that give an impression of a bargain to consumers who seek products in the previous price range.

### 3) Sales of value-added products

The domestic flour milling business will step up sales of Japanese-made wheat flour and whole wheat flour and others that accommodate growing health conscious consumers. The domestic processed food business will develop and sell products more focused on SDGs and Generation Z in addition to promoting value-added line-ups centering on easy-to-prepare and convenient, authentic and healthy concepts.

### 4) Risk of decline in demand

The domestic flour milling business and the domestic processed food business assume that a certain level of decline in demand will occur as a result of continued large price hikes of products.

### 1. Battle against Food Inflation (3)





### [Analysis of FY2023 operating profit of the domestic flour milling business (Assumption)]

Item	Profit change (YoY difference)	Comments
ease (wheat)	(36,000) million yen	

	Fiscal 2023 Forecasts	Fiscal 2022 Results	YoY difference	YoY change
Net sales	760,000	679,736	+80,263	+11.8
Overseas sales ratio	29.9	27.3	_	_
Operating profit	30,000	29,430	+569	+1.9
Ordinary profit	31,000	32,626	(1,626)	(5.0)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	18,500	17,509	+990	+5.7 2





## IV. Main Initiatives for Realizing Long-Term Vision "NNI 'Compass for the Future'"

### 1. Thinking on Business Portfolio (1



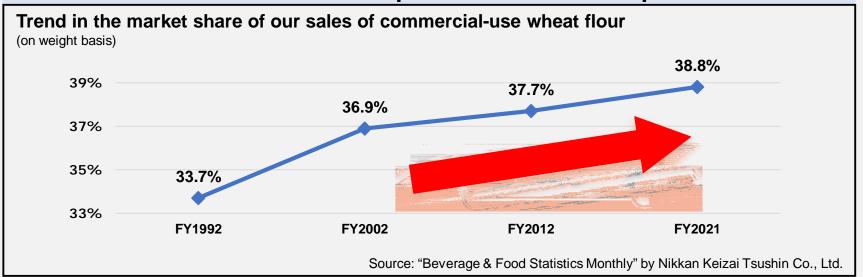


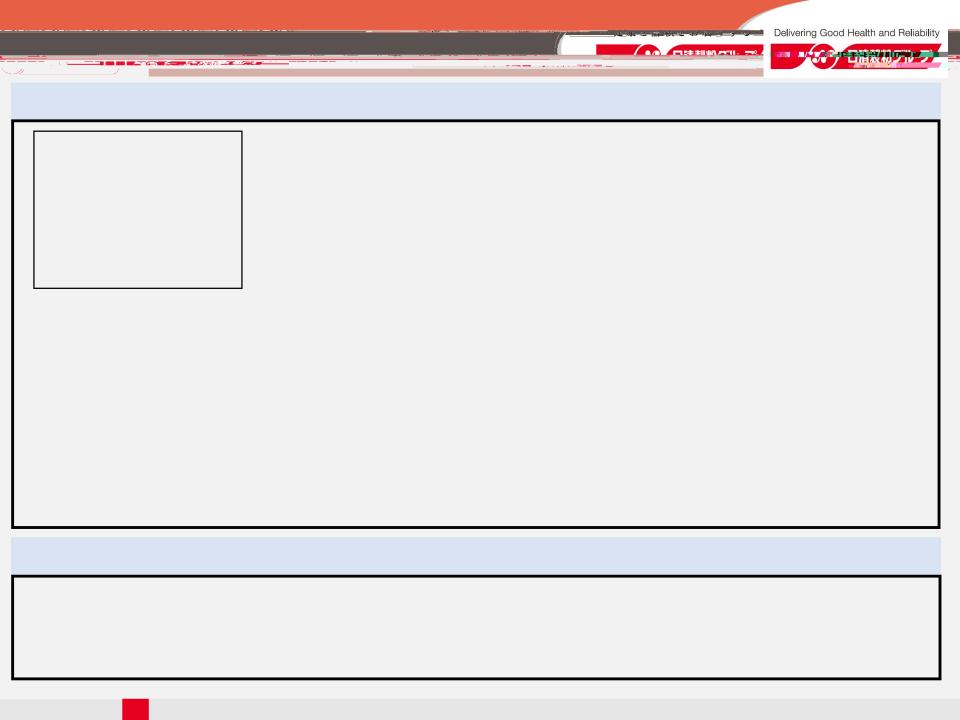
Advance selection and concentration based on the criteria of whether a business is or can reach the top of a certain business domain (in classifications of competitive significance).

### [Core businesses]

The flour milling business, the processed food business and the yeast business in Japan have established stable profitability by realizing high market shares, top brand lineups and low costs.

#### 





### 1. Thinking on Business Portfolio (2)





#### [Growth driver businesses]

- The overseas business will work to strengthen the foundation of their respective business management at existing bases of the flour milling, processed food and other businesses.
- The prepared dishes and other prepared foods business intends to boost cost competitiveness including utilization of labor-saving technology and expand sales against the backdrop of development capability by the group's comprehensive strength.

#### [Overseas Business]

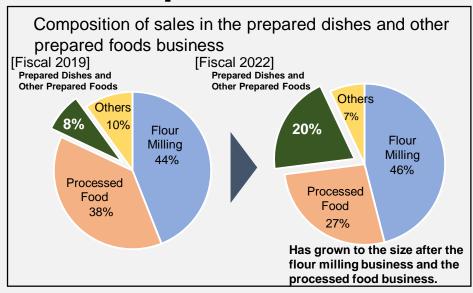
Overseas net sales ratio and operating profit ratio

	Net sales ratio	Operating profit ratio
Consolidated total	27.3	28.9%
Flour milling business	52.2	50.6%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal 2022 results

The processed food business and the yeast and biotechnology business too will further cultivate overseas expansion.

### [Prepared dishes and other prepared foods business]



#### [Growth Investment]

We will make a decision to make investment after verifying whether we can demonstrate the group's strengths in Japan and overseas.

<sup>\*</sup>Operating profit ratio is operating profit before amortization of goodwill, etc.

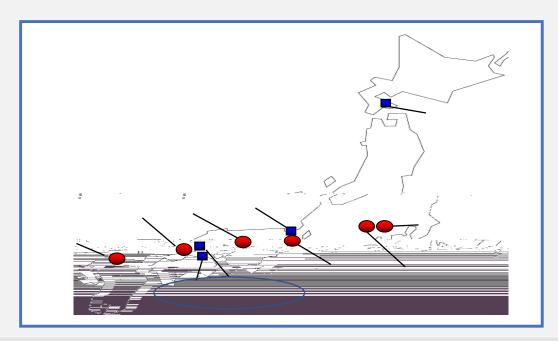




Amid the domestic market expected to diminish in the medium-to long term mainly due to a decreasing population, efforts will be made to strengthen the sales foundation and cost competitiveness, thereby maintaining and expanding a stable earnings foundation for the future.

Regarding strengthening cost competitiveness and BCP measures (implementation of structural improvement)

In the middle of concentrating production on large coastal plants and closing small inland plants.

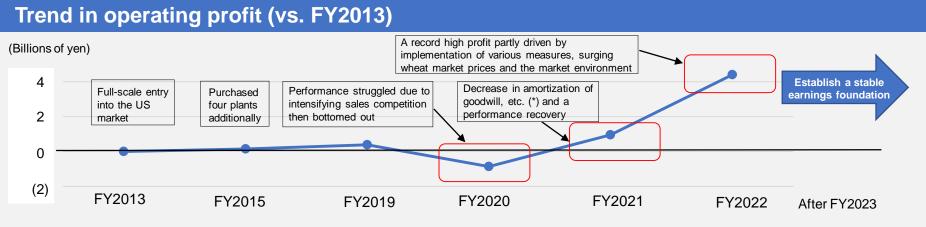


### 3. Overseas Flour Milling Business (U.S. Flour Milling Business)





Ten years have passed since a full-scale entry into the US market. The business recovered from a temporary performance slump at an early stage and has grown steadily. The business strives to establish a stable earnings foundation.



<sup>\*</sup> The implementation of impairment has decreased amortization of goodwill, etc. by an annual 800 million yen since the second half of FY2020.

#### **Future U.S. Flour Milling Business Initiatives**

The business has established a solid position as a regionally top-class flour-milling company in California and Texas.

An expansion will be carried out in the plant in Los Angeles whose operational rate reached a high level. The U.S. and Canada flour milling businesses will raise their presence in the North American market by deepening ties across manufacturing and sales areas, and through synergies enabled by leveraging the management resources of both companies.

Continuation of search and investigation of candidates for M&A, etc. that have affinity with existing businesses and growth potential.

Take in a demand recovery and aim at a performance recovery. However, verify the real status of business altered by the COVID-19 pandemic in a calm and collected manner to incorporate strategy and policy into a medium-term management plan.

Toward performance recovery

Construction of a new plant was completed excluding part of	
equipment.	





An intermediate holding company will be established in the prepared dishes and other prepared foods business. Strengthen a foundation for further growth through stepping up business total optimization, flexible strategy judgment and the management function.

New management system of the prepared dishes and other prepared foods business



Initio Foods Inc.



Joyous Foods Co., Ltd.

joyous

Tokatsu Foods Co., Ltd.



Boxed lunch, rice ball,





### V. Group Sustainability Initiatives

### 1. The Group's Materiality (CSR Priority)





Facing society's change every day, strive to contribute to solving social issues through business operations and balance realization of a sustainable society and corporate growth.

#### **Five Priorities**

#### Fields contributing to SDGs

#### Provide safe and healthy food and responsible consumer communication

- Ensuring food safety
- Responsible consumer communication
- Contribution to healthy diets

#### **Enable secure and sustainable raw material procurement**

- Ensuring stable wheat procurement
- Sustainable raw materials procurement





#### Efficiently handle product and packaging waste

- Reducing food waste
- Reducing packaging waste

#### Address climate change and water resource issues

- Climate change adaptation and mitigation
- Water resource conservation

#### Medium-and-long term targets for environmental issues were formulated in August 2021.



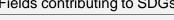


#### Provide working environments that are healthy and fulfilling

- Respect for diversity
- Cultivation of human resources
- Employee working environments and health













### 2. Medium-and-Long Term Targets for Environmental seuge



Formulate medium-and-long term targets for environmental issues and work to reduce environmental load to reach the targets, thereby contributing to realization of a sustainable society.

Reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from Group-owned facilities by 50% compared with the fiscal 2014 level

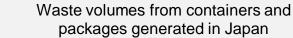
Reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from Group-owned facilities to net zero

Reduce the amount of water used in plants per unit of production by **30**8181 compared from 1 0 0 rg /TT1 1 Tf 0.004

### 3. Initiatives to Reach Medium-and-Long Term Targets for Environmental Issues (1)







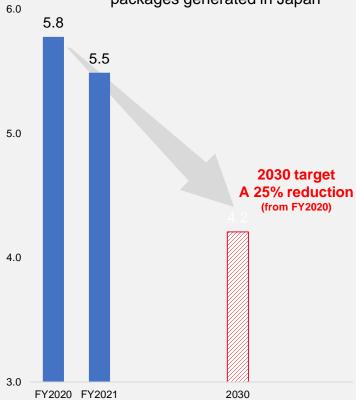






	Fig. al 2004	Figure 1 2000				
	Fiscal 2021 Results	Fiscal 2022 Results	YoY difference	YoY change	Forecasts difference	Forecasts change
Net sales [Overseas sales]	<b>679,495</b> [155,626]	679,736 [185,890]	+241 [+30,264]	+0.0 [+19.4 ]	[++k6T1 <del>8</del> kS[+	



#### **Net sales**



#### **Operating profit**



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- Net sales was on a par with the previous fiscal year mainly due to the application of an accounting standard regarding revenue recognition despite the enactment of wheat flour price revisions accompanying the wheat price revision in the domestic flour milling business, a rise in the wheat market prices and foreign currency translation effects in the overseas flour milling business, a recovery in facility construction completion and others.
- > Operating profit increased mainly due to strong performance in the US flour milling business, a robust trend in bran prices in the domestic flour milling business, a smooth performance recovery in the prepared dishes and other processed foods business and a recovery in facility construction completion.
- Profit decreased by recording impairment loss, based on the performance deterioration resulting mainly from the loss of shipment to a customer in the New Zealand flour milling business and continued low-level shipments caused by measures against COVID-19 in the Oceania region.

### 2. Analysis of Segment Results (2)





### **Analysis of Operating Profit (YoY Difference)**

(Billions of yen)

Flour Milling	¥+2.2 billion	
Domestic wheat	flour shipment volume	+0.1
Sales expansion	costs	(0.1)
Bran prices		+1.5
Cost related		(0.2)
Overseas subsid	iaries, others	+0.9

Prepared Dishes and Other Prepared Foods	<b>¥+1.9</b> billion	
Increase in sales, others	+1.9	
Others ¥+0.9 billion		
Sales	+3.1	
Cost related, others	(2.2)	

Processed Food	<b>¥(2.9)</b> billion	
Shipment volum	е	+0.2
Sales expansion	costs	(1.4)
Cost related		(1.3)
Overseas subsic (incl. Oriental Ye exports)	diaries, others east, Nisshin Pharma	(0.4)

Adjustments	¥+0.1 billion	
Intersegment tra	ansaction eliminations	+0.1



Fiscal 2021 Results	Fiscal 2022 Results	YoY	

- Net sales will increase due to enactment of selling price revisions accompanying the cost increase of raw materials, etc. by each business, and a rise in wheat market prices, currency translation effects, etc. in the overseas flour milling business.
- Operating profit is expected to be on a par with the previous fiscal year due in large part to the uncertain outlook amid cost-push inflation and a profit decrease forecast by the engineering business despite the effort of each business to pass a cost increase to their selling prices.

		Fiscal 2022 Results	Fiscal 2023 Forecasts	YoY difference	YoY change
Ne	et sales	679,736	760,000	+80,263	+11.8
	Overseas sales [Overseas sales ratio]	185,890 [27.3 ]	227,500 [29.9 ]	+41,609	+22.4
Ор	erating profit	29,430	30,000	+569	+1.9
	Overseas operating profit [Overseas operating profit ratio]	3,875 [13.2 ]	4,800 [16.0 ]	+924	+23.9
Ord	dinary profit	32,626	31,000	(1,626)	(5.0)
	ofit attributable to owners of rent	17,509	18,500	+990	+5.7

### 5. Fiscal 2023 Forecasts (2)



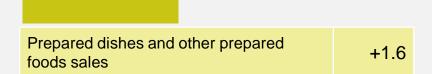


### **Net Sales by Segment**

(Billions of yen)

	Forecasts	YoY difference
Flour Milling	385.0	+71.5
Processed Food	195.0	+12.0
Prepared Dishes and Other Prepared Foods	140.0	+1.6
Others	40.0	(4.8)
Total	760.0	+80.3

Domestic wheat flour shipments (down 0.5% YoY)	(0.8)
Flour price revisions, others accompanying revised wheat prices	+36.0
Bran prices	+0.2
Overseas sales	+36.1





Domestic wheat flour shipment volume	(0.1)





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